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One Size Does Not Fit All – Multimodal Search on Mobile and Desktop Devices with the I-SEARCH Search Engine

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ABSTRACT

In this paper, we report on work around the I-SEARCH EU (FP7 ICT STREP) project whose objective is the development of a multimodal search engine targeted at mobile and desktop devices. Each of these device classes has its specific hardware capabilities and set of supported features. In order to provide a common multimodal search experience across device classes, one size does not fit all. We highlight ways to achieve the same functionality agnostic of the device class being used for the search, and present concrete use cases.

Categories and Subject Descriptors

H.3.4 [Information Systems]: Information Storage and Retrieval—*World Wide Web*

Keywords

Multimodality, Rich Unified Content Description, IR

1. INTRODUCTION

Even in 2012, search is a mainly text-driven operation. Albeit recent developments in the mobile and desktop worlds have introduced voice search as an *additional* input modality, a *truly multimodal* search experience with multimodal in- and output is still missing. In the scope of I-SEARCH, industrial and academic partners are working together to investigate ways to provide such a multimodal search experience across device classes. We provide an overview of the project in its entirety in [10]. An important step towards multimodal search in the scope of I-SEARCH was the

creation of a unified annotation format named *Rich Unified Content Description (RUCoD)*, which was detailed in [4].

In this paper, we focus on taken actions and future plans to deal with device constraints to support the in- and output modalities *audio*, *video*, *rhythm*, *image*, *3D object*, *sketch*, *emotion*, *geolocation*, and *text*. The I-SEARCH project is in its second year now, and some basic functionality is in place. We maintain a demonstration server¹, and have also recorded a screencast² showing features of the search engine.

2. USER-FACING PROJECT GOALS

I-SEARCH is a complex project that touches on many research areas treated by the different project partners. One important goal is to hide this complexity from the end user through a consistent and context-aware user interface based on standard HTML5, JavaScript, and CSS, with ideally no additional plug-ins like Flash required. We aim at sharing one common code base for both device classes, mobile and desktop, with the user interface getting progressively enhanced [3] the more capable the user's Web browser and connection speed are. Search engines over the years have coined a common interaction pattern: the search box. We enhance this interaction pattern by context-aware modality input toggles that create modality query tokens in the I-SEARCH search box. Figure 1 shows three example modality query tokens for *audio*, *emotion*, and *geolocation*.

3. USE CASES

In order to give the reader an idea of intended I-SEARCH usage and to motivate multimodality, we introduce three use cases and involved modalities as defined by the project.

UC1: Music Expert (Desktop, Mobile). A music expert with access to a big music archive does research on the in-

¹Demonstration: <http://isearch.ai.fh-erfurt.de/>

²Screencast: <http://youtu.be/-chzjEDcMXU>



Figure 1: I-SEARCH search box with three modality query tokens for *audio*, *emotion*, and *geolocation*. Below, the *rhythm* modality toggle is active.

fluence of traditional folk music on today’s popular music. She inputs a *rhythm* to the I-SEARCH system in order to search the archive for similar rhythm patterns. She refines her query by adding *geolocation* to limit results to a certain region and by uploading an *image* from a disco club.

UC2: Interior Designer (Desktop). An interior designer wants to give her client a realistic impression of available office chairs. She uploads a *3D model* of a chair that almost matches her client’s expectations to the I-SEARCH system, together with an *image* of the desired upholstery. She uses a hand-drawn *sketch* of the chair’s shape as a refinement.

UC3: World Traveler (Mobile). A world traveler uses her cell phone with the I-SEARCH application to create media content with associated *geolocation* data like *videos* and *images* of the sights she walks by to retrieve related media content of other travelers, *text* descriptions, and *3D models* she wants to use to map her trip on a virtual globe.

4. MODALITIES ACROSS DEVICES

In this Section, we focus on *input* modalities across *mobile* and *desktop* device classes and their support in I-SEARCH.

Audio, Image, Video. We describe audio, image, and video modalities together, as they share the same interaction patterns. On desktop devices, audios, images, or videos can be uploaded from the user’s hard disk via a file upload dialog or via drag ‘n’ drop. On some mobile devices (e.g., iOS devices) file uploading is prohibited, which is why in the longterm, as support advances, we aim at using the getUserMedia API [2]. The fallback solution is a Flash uploader.

Rhythm. On desktop devices, we support entering a rhythm by key presses or mouse tapping, whereas additionally on mobile devices a rhythm can also be captured via the device orientation API [1] by tilting the device rhythmically.

3D Object. We support 3D objects on mobile and desktop via the COLLADA 3D asset exchange schema [6]. 3D objects can be inserted via a file upload dialog or drag ‘n’ drop.

Sketch. Hand-drawn sketches can be created on mobile and desktop devices alike using a simple touch-based HTML5 canvas [5] sketch editor.

Emotion. In order to accompany a query by basic emotional feedback, we have adapted an open-source emotion

input solution [7] for mobile and desktop that transfers the slider user interface pattern to emotions from sad to happy.

Geolocation. For retrieving and tracking a user’s physical location, we use the HTML5 geolocation API [8], which is available in Web browsers on mobile and desktop devices.

Text. On mobile and desktop, text can be entered using the keyboard or using the speech input API [9].

5. FUTURE WORK AND CONCLUSION

We have introduced the I-SEARCH project and three of its use cases and have shown how different input modalities are supported on mobile and desktop. Now we need to integrate the project partners’ services in the back-end, in order to support multimodal output besides multimodal input.

6. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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