



Designing and Evolving Distributed Architecture using Kevoree

François Fouquet, Grégory Nain, Erwan Daubert, Johann Bourcier, Olivier Barais, Noel Plouzeau, Brice Morin

► To cite this version:

François Fouquet, Grégory Nain, Erwan Daubert, Johann Bourcier, Olivier Barais, et al.. Designing and Evolving Distributed Architecture using Kevoree. QoSA '14 Proceedings of the 10th international ACM Sigsoft conference on Quality of software architectures, Jul 2014, Lille, France. pp.147-148, 10.1145/2602576.2611461 . hal-01096941

HAL Id: hal-01096941

<https://hal.inria.fr/hal-01096941>

Submitted on 18 Dec 2014

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

Designing and Evolving Distributed Architecture using Kevoree

François Fouquet
Grégory Nain
Interdisciplinary Center for
Security Reliability and Trust
(SnT)
University of Luxembourg

Erwan Daubert
Johann Bourcier
Olivier Barais
Noel Plouzeau
University of Rennes 1, IRISA
INRIA Centre Rennes, France

Brice Morin
SINTEF ICT
Oslo, Norway

ABSTRACT

Modern software applications are distributed and often operate in dynamic contexts, where requirements, assumptions about the environment, and usage profiles continuously change. These changes are difficult to predict and to anticipate at design time. The running software system should thus be able to react on its own, by dynamically adapting its behavior, in order to sustain a required quality of service. A key challenge is to provide the system with the necessary flexibility to perform self-adaptation, without compromising dependability. Models@Runtime is an emerging paradigm aiming at transferring traditional modeling activities (focusing on quality, verification, and so on) performed by humans, to the running system. In this trend, Kevoree provides a models@ runtime platform to design heterogeneous, distributed and adaptive applications based on the component based software engineering paradigm. At the end of this tutorial, applicants will be able to develop and assemble new components and communication channel to design complex self-adaptable distributed architectures by reusing existing piece of code.

1. PRESENTERS

Dr François Fouquet is Research Associate at SnT Luxembourg. He holds a Master degree in Software Engineering at the University of Rennes 1 in 2009 and he obtained his PhD thesis from the Triskell research group in Rennes in 2013. His main activities are related to Model-Driven Engineering, Dynamically Adaptable Cyber Physical Systems and Search-based and evolutionary algorithms. As main contributor of the Kevoree project, he namely contributes to apply it to drive Cyber Physical Systems and massive distributed systems such as Cloud computing. Today he is involved in the SmartGrid project for the Luxembourg City, trying to make Smart Cities more sustainable using sensors values.

Dr Olivier Barais (<http://goo.gl/£Q0F7>) is an Associate Professor at the University of Rennes 1, member of the Triskell INRIA research team. He received an engineering degree from the Ecole des Mines

de Douai, France in 2002 and a PhD in computer science from the University of Lille 1, France in 2005. After having been a PhD student in the Jacquard INRIA research team, he is currently associate professor at University of Rennes 1 and a member of the Triskell INRIA group. His research interests include Component Based Software Design, Model-Driven Engineering and Aspect Oriented Modeling. Olivier Barais has co-authored 8 journals, 36 international conference papers, 2 book chapters and 26 workshop papers in conferences and journals such as SoSyM, IEEE Computer, ICSE, MoDELS, SPLC and CBSE.

Dr. Grégory Nain is Research Associate at SnT in Luxembourg. As head of the Internet of Things Laboratory Infrastructure of the SnT, his main activities focus on supporting research activities related to the Internet of Things domain and Cyber Physical Systems, by providing help for the realization of tests, experimentations and validations of IoT-related software systems. He is also participating to the Kevoree project effort, and uses this development platform and Model-Driven Engineering approaches to implement the IoT Lab base software system.

2. DURATION

The workshop duration is half a day (4 hours). The type of tutorial will be a hands-on tutorial. This tutorial requires a room with wireless access for participants. We expect 15-20 participants.

3. SCOPE

The intended audience is both software engineers/researchers and PhD students. The attendants must have a laptop with Virtual Box installed or a laptop with a JDK 1.8 and a recent Java IDE. The attendants must be familiar with Java or any Object Oriented Technology. Academics and practitioners alike will benefit from the tutorial. We expect that the presentation is of particular interest for builders of distributed tools and algorithms, both academics and practitioners, who would like to have abstractions to deal with heterogeneous and distributed adaptive applications.

4. GOAL AND OBJECTIVES

The goal of this tutorial is to provide the fundamentals of the Kevoree framework language for designing heterogeneous and distributed adaptive applications.

The goal of this tutorial is to present Kevoree through a practical session to a wide number of Software Engineering practitioners. This event would be a great venue for people to learn-by-example about dynamic adaptations, distribution and continuous design in a reliable environment. This tutorial is also intended to be a privi-

Permission to make digital or hard copies of part or all of this work for personal or classroom use is granted without fee provided that copies are not made or distributed for profit or commercial advantage, and that copies bear this notice and the full citation on the first page. Copyrights for third-party components of this work must be honored. For all other uses, contact the owner/author(s). Copyright is held by the author/owner(s).

QoS'14, June 30–July 4, 2014, Marcq-en-Baroeul, France.

ACM 978-1-4503-2576-9/14/06.

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1145/2602576.2611461>.

leged moment to collect comments and feedback on our approach and realizations.

This overall goal can be broken down into several concrete sub-objectives:

1. Component development Use the Kevoree Annotation API to create component types, then use a Kevoree Maven plugin to extract the components' models at compile time.
2. Assembly (graphical & script) Use editor to assemble an application through a graphical DSL or through the use of a Kevoree Script.
3. Deployment on (single & multiple) node Experiment the simple deployment on single vs multiple execution nodes.
4. Continuous Design Experiment the continuous design facilities of Kevoree that shorten the development cycles.
5. Development of Self-Adaptive system Design and create a self-adaptive system, through the development of a simple ECA reactive system.
6. Cloud infrastructure management Deployment of an application in a private Cloud, and perform cross-layer adaptations using the Kevoree abstraction.

5. OVERVIEW OF THE TUTORIAL

The tutorial divides into four main parts here described.

5.1 Part 0 - Introduction (20 min talk - 20 min Prerequisites)

Presentation This first part introduces models@runtime and the Kevoree Framework. After a bit of history, some facts, and examples of realizations, the participants prepare their machines with the necessary tools for the following parts.

Prerequisites The practical session of this part ensures that a JDK and a JavaIDE are available.

Material <http://kevoree.org/doc/>

5.2 Part 1 - The basics (20 min talk - 30 min hands-on)

Presentation In this part, the different basic features manipulated in Kevoree are presented. Participants get familiar with the Domain Specific language used in Kevoree to deal with distributed systems.

Practical The participants discover the Kevoree Editor and Runtime in this practice. They have to create a first application, deploy it and run it.

Material <http://kevoree.org/practices/level10/>

5.3 Part 2 - Do-It-Yourself (20 min talk - 30 min hands-on)

Presentation The presentation of this session describes how to create a Kevoree Component Type. It introduces the Annotation API, used to describe the component type in the code, and the Compilation Chain to extract the component model at compile time, and create the component library.

Practical In this session, attendees complete and change a sample Producer/Consumer component code. They then go through the entire chain from development to deployment and experience the continuous design abilities of Kevoree. Through this session, they will also discover the Kevoree development plugins within Eclipse or IntelliJ.

Material <http://kevoree.org/practices/level11/>

5.4 Part 3 - Self-Adaptation@Runtime (15 min talk - 45min hands-on)

Presentation Finally, we present the principle of using Models@Runtime to develop self-adaptive systems, that can autonomously adapt at runtime.

Practical Participants have to two kinds of reasoning engine. (i) a simple Event-Condition-Action reasoner that modifies the model of the running system and ask for an adaptation at runtime. (ii) an advanced reasoning engine that uses genetic algorithms to explore the architectural solution space to find a suitable architecture on a multi-criteria decision challenge.

Material <http://kevoree.org/practices/level2/>

5.5 Part 4 - Cloud adaptation using Kevoree (10 min talk - 30 min hands-on)

Presentation This part presents how the abstractions provided by Kevoree can be used to drive a cross-layer cloud adaptation).

Practical Participants have to design a simple architecture to drive several system virtual machines (built on top of LXC (<https://github.com/lxc/lxc>)).

Material <http://kevoree.org/practices/level13/>

6. RESOURCES

Resources about Kevoree are available at <http://www.kevoree.org>. The source code is available on Github. Some talks given about Kevoree are proposed online along with video tutorials. This tutorial was delivered during the Middleware conference in 2013. (<http://2013.middleware-conference.org/tutorial.html>)

Acknowledgments

This project is partially funded by the European Commission under the Seventh (FP7 - 2007-2013) Framework Programme for Research and Technological Development in the context of the Heads project. The research activities were also conducted in the context of ITEA2-MERgE (Multi-Concerns Interactions System Engineering, ITEA2 11011), a European collaborative project with a focus on safety and security.

7. REFERENCES

- [1] Gordon S. Blair, Nelly Bencomo, and Robert B. France. Models@runtime. *IEEE Computer*, 42(10):22–27, 2009.
- [2] François Fouquet, Olivier Barais, Noël Plouzeau, Jean-Marc Jézéquel, Brice Morin, and Franck Fleurey. A Dynamic Component Model for Cyber Physical Systems. In *15th International ACM SIGSOFT Symposium on Component Based Software Engineering*, Bertinoro, Italie, July 2012.
- [3] Francois Fouquet, Erwan Daubert, Noel Plouzeau, Olivier Barais, Johann Bourcier, and Arnaud Blouin. Kevoree : une approche model@runtime pour les systemes ubiquitaires. In *UbiMob2012*, Anglet, France, June 2012.
- [4] François Fouquet, Erwan Daubert, Noël Plouzeau, Olivier Barais, Johann Bourcier, and Jean-Marc Jézéquel. Dissemination of reconfiguration policies on mesh networks. In *DAIS 2012*, Stockholm, Suède, June 2012.
- [5] François Fouquet, Grégory Nain, Brice Morin, Erwan Daubert, Olivier Barais, Noël Plouzeau, and Jean-Marc Jézéquel. An Eclipse Modelling Framework Alternative to Meet the Models@Runtime Requirements. In *Models 2012*, Innsbruck, Autriche, October 2012.
- [6] B. Morin, O. Barais, J-M. Jézéquel, F. Fleurey, and A. Solberg. Models@ run.time to support dynamic adaptation. *Computer*, 42(10):44–51, 2009.
- [7] Brice Morin, Olivier Barais, Gregory Nain, and Jean-Marc Jezequel. Taming Dynamically Adaptive Systems with Models and Aspects. In *ICSE'09: 31st International Conference on Software Engineering*, Vancouver, Canada, May 2009.