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<https://bitbucket.org/osallou/go-docker/>
<http://www.genouest.org/godocker/index.html>



Jobs in containers

Go-Docker is a batch scheduling job manager. It executes jobs in Docker containers, providing security/isolation of resources and access to a software catalog and multiple operating systems. For multi-user systems, it mounts user directories in the container and schedules jobs according to user requirements (cpu, memory, queues). Quota and priorities are managed at user and group level. Software is in beta-test at GenOuest BioInformatics core facility, before production, with Apache Mesos.

The screenshot shows the Go-Docker web interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for Home, Jobs, Admin, Projects, and Resources. A user 'osallou' is logged in. Below the navigation, there are two sections: 'Running jobs' and 'Finished jobs (<100)'. Each section has a table with columns for ID, Status, Container, Interactive, Tags, User id, Project, and Usage/Statistics. The 'Running jobs' table has one entry (ID 124, pending, centos:latest, false, genouest, osallou, default). The 'Finished jobs' table has three entries (ID 118, over, centos:latest, false, genouest), ID 115, over, centos:latest, false, genouest), and ID 113, over, centos:latest, false, genouest).

Jobs can be managed via the web interface, the REST API or the CLI tool

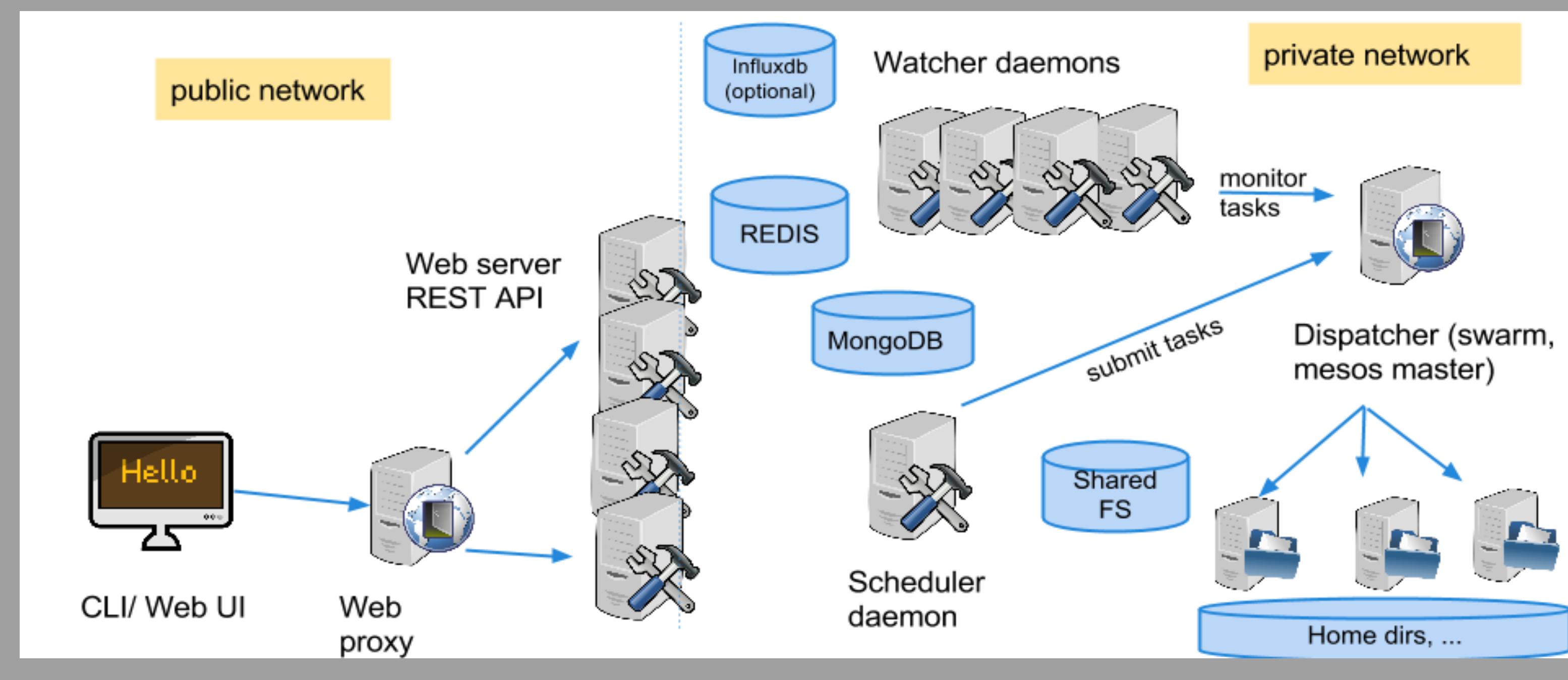
Plugins

The plugin architecture gives the possibility to add new authentication/authorization scripts, different scheduler algorithms or execution systems. It can also be extended with "watchers" to monitor job life cycle (kill after X days for example).

Scalability

Go-Docker processes and databases are horizontally scalable to scale with jobs load. The single point of failure is the scheduler, a single process to order all pending jobs according to quota and user/projects priorities.

Scalability and cloud setup will be tested soon with an AWS Research grant in Education.



The Go-Docker architecture

Implementation

Go-Docker is built upon several components to orchestrate the job life cycle. Docker Swarm or Apache Mesos are in charge of the node management i.e the execution of the task on the available nodes). The scheduler daemon manages tasks priority and submission based on requirements while the watcher daemons manage tasks supervision.

The screenshot shows the Go-Docker web interface. On the left, there are tables for 'Running' and 'Finished' jobs. On the right, a 'Live log' panel displays detailed information about a specific job (ID 124): status, description, parent task ID, sub-tasks, tags, exit code, and command. Below this is a 'Cluster monitoring' section with graphs for RAM usage, network traffic, and disk I/O. At the bottom, another 'Live log' panel shows resource requirements and volumes for a job (ID 106).

Jobs have resource requirements and shared volumes
Resources can be monitored with live data.

Conclusion

Go-Docker provides:

- secured job/interactive session control with isolation
- jobs live monitoring and past statistics
- optional root access to the container
- immediate access to different operating systems and a growing catalog of software (Docker registry)
- easy container usage with no super-user rights
- Web UI, CLI, REST interface