# Combining Free choice and Time in Petri Nets

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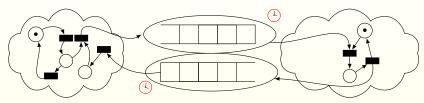
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[TIME'16]

# Motivation 1 : Modeling issues

### Model Time constrained unbounded concurrent systems



#### **Desired features**

- Latency : messages take at least 10 ms to reach their destination
- Timeout/urgency : a message not consumed after 200ms is lost
- Rates : a message is received every  $\gamma$  t.u,...

## Motivation 2: Verification

### Standard questions

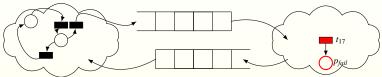
- Reachability: is marking M reachable from initial marking M<sub>0</sub>?
- Coverability: Given a marking M, is there a marking M' reachable from  $M_0$  such that M'(p) > M(p) for every place p?
- Boundedness: is there a bound K such that for every reachable marking, every place p,  $M(p) \le K$ ?
- Firability: is there an execution in which transition t is fired?

### Objectives

- Decidability for these questions
- Efficient algorithms

## Motivation 3: Robustness

 $\varphi_{17}$ : Transition  $t_{17}$  (a major failure) is not firable.



What if:

- time is measured with some imprecision
- clocks tend to have some drift/jitter/delay, ...

## Robustness: reasonning with idealized time representation

Assume a class of properties  $\Phi$ , a model for time imprecision  $[\![.]\!]_{\delta}$ 

Given a model  $\mathcal{M}$ , and a value  $\delta \in \mathbb{R}$ , check that :

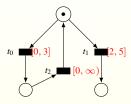
$$\forall \varphi \in \Phi, \mathcal{M} \models \varphi \Longleftrightarrow \llbracket \mathcal{M} \rrbracket_{\delta} \models \varphi$$

Given a model  $\mathcal{M}$ , check if :

$$\exists \Delta, \forall \delta \leq \Delta, \forall \varphi \in \Phi, \mathcal{M} \models \varphi \Longleftrightarrow \llbracket \mathcal{M} \rrbracket_{\delta} \models \varphi$$

## Time vs Timed Petri nets

#### Time Petri nets [Merlin74]

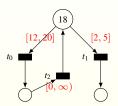


#### Pros:

- time
- Urgency
- unbounded places
- Expressive power

Cons: Undecidability

#### Timed Petri nets [Walter83]



#### Pros:

- time
- unbounded places
- Ages
- WSTS = decidability of coverability, boundedness....

Cons: no urgency

## Outline

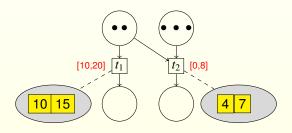
- Free-choice Multiserver Time Petri nets
- Processes and their relation to untimed nets
- Firability
- Robustness

# TPN Multiserver Semantics : Configuration

### Configuration (Threshold Semantics)

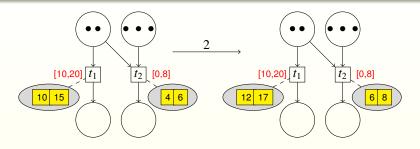
$$C = (M, mem)$$

- M: marking, enables transitions several times
- mem: remembers for each enabling instance of a transition for how long it has been enabled



$$M(p_0) = 2; M(p_1) = 3; M(p_3) = 0; M(p_4) = 0$$
  
 $mem(t_1) = \{10; 15\} \ mem(t_2) = \{4; 7\}$ 

## TPN Multiserver Semantics: timed move



## Timed Move : $C \stackrel{\delta}{\longrightarrow} C'$

Let a duration  $\delta$  elapse = update memorized durations

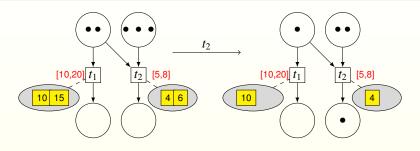
## Urgency of a transition t in C = (M, mem)

Let t be a transition such that:

- I(t) = [l, u]
- t has been enabled for u t.u, i.e.,  $\max mem(t) = u$  then, t is urgent.

Time cannot progress, a discrete move must occur.

## TPN Multiserver Semantics: discrete move



## Discrete firing : $C \stackrel{t_i}{\longrightarrow} C'$

- ullet  $I(t_i) = [l, u], \max(mem(t_i)) > l$  ( $t_i$  need not be urgent)
- modification of memory for transitions in competition with t<sub>i</sub>
- Other enabling instances remain untouched

#### Behaviors of a net

- Labeled Transition System :  $(C, \longrightarrow, C_0)$
- $Lang(\mathcal{N}) \subseteq T \times \mathbb{R}$ : set of timed words of  $\mathcal{N}: w = (t_1, d_1)(t_2, d_2) \dots$

# Restrictions (to obtain decidable classes)

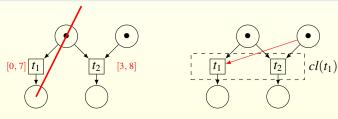
Forbid nets that can force zero-delay behaviors.



#### Free choice PN and free choice TPN

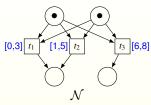
(FC-PN)  $\mathcal{U}=(P,T,F)$  is free choice if  $\forall t,t'\in T, {}^{\bullet}t\cap {}^{\bullet}t'\neq\emptyset \implies {}^{\bullet}t={}^{\bullet}t'.$  (FC-TPN)  $\mathcal{N}=(\mathcal{U},M_0,I)$  is a free choice TPN if  $\textit{Untime}(\mathcal{N})=\mathcal{U}$  is free choice.

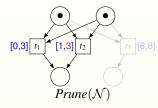
The cluster of transition t is  $Cl(t) = \{t' \in T \mid {}^{\bullet}t \cap {}^{\bullet}t' \neq \emptyset\}$ 



# Pruning FC-TPN (a.k.a normalization [Chatain13])

Some transitions in FC-TPNs will obviously never fire!





#### To obtain a Pruned FC-TPN

remove unfirable transitions :

$$t: I(t) = [a, b] \land \exists t', I(t') = [c, d]$$
 with  $d < a$ 

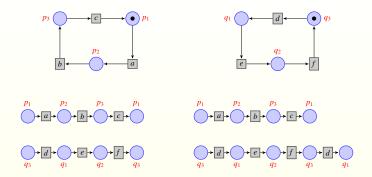
Associate to remaining transition possible values for intervals

$$I(t) = [a, b] \Rightarrow I'(t) = [a, \max_{t \in Cl(t)} (lft(t'))]$$

#### Pruning Lemma : Let $\mathcal{N}$ be a FC-TPN, then

the transition systems associated with  $\mathcal N$  and  $\mathit{Prune}(\mathcal N))$  are isomorphic. (not true outside FC-TPNs)

## Causal processes



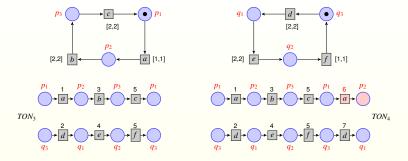
Untimed causal processes ON1 and ON2

#### Causal processes

- A partial order representation of executions
- Principle: Unfold the net by glueing transitions/places occurrences one after another starting from the initially marked places

Still an untimed setting!

## Timed causal processes



#### Advantages of Timed Causal processes

- Partial order timed representation of timed executions
- URGENCY is considered: if d occurs at date 7 in TON, all urgent transitions before d also occur in TON.

#### Relation between Timed causal Processes and timed languages

Let  $\mathcal{P}$  be the set of timed causal processes of  $\mathcal{N}$ . Then,

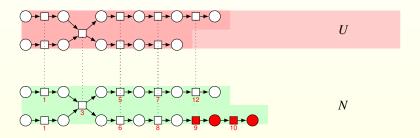
$$Lang(\mathcal{N}) = \bigcup_{N \in \mathcal{D}} Lang(N)$$

## **Properties of Free Choice TPN**

### Theorem 1: Inclusion of untimed prefixes

Let  $\mathcal{N} = (\mathcal{U}, M_0, I)$  be a pruned FC-TPN (w.o. forced 0-delay sequences). U be an (untimed) causal process of  $\mathcal{U} = \textit{Untime}(\mathcal{N})$ .

Then there exists a timed causal process N of  $\mathcal{N}$  such that  $U \leq \textit{Untime}(N)$ .

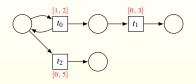


# Decidability

### Theorem 2: Fireability

Let  $\mathcal{N}=(\mathcal{U},M_0,I)$  be an FC-TPN (w.o. forced 0-delay). Checking fireability of a transition  $t\in T$  in  $\mathcal{N}$  is decidable.

 $\underline{\text{Proof idea :}} \text{Firability} \sim \text{coverability in untimed nets }_{\tiny{\text{[Rack78]}}}$ 



#### Theorem 3: Termination

Let  $\mathcal{N}=(\mathcal{U},M_0,I)$  be an FC-TPN (w.o. forced 0-delay). It is decidable if  $\mathcal{N}$  terminates.

### Proof Idea:

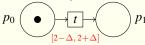
an infinite run of  $\mathcal{U} = Untime(Prune(\mathcal{N}))$  has a timed counterpart in  $\mathcal{N}$  and conversely. (and termination is decidable in untimed Petri nets)

## Robustness

#### A major drawback of timed models:

```
public class MyProgram {
    throws InterruptedException {
        Myprogram prog-new MyProgram();
        //Pause for 2 seconds
        Thread.sleep(2000);
        prog.t();
    }
}
```

### What the implementation might really do:



Guard enlargement

 $p_0 \underbrace{\qquad \qquad }_{[1+\Delta,2-\Delta]} p$ 

Guard Shrinking

Form now :  $\mathcal{N}_{\delta} = \mathcal{N}$  with enlarged guards

### Robustness

### Definition (robustness problems for TPNs)

Given a TPN  $\mathcal{N}$ , does there exist  $\Delta \in \mathbb{Q}_{>0}$  such that  $\forall \delta \leq \Delta$ 

- Fireable( $\mathcal{N}$ ) = Fireable( $\mathcal{N}_{\delta}$ )?
- $\mathcal N$  terminates iff  $\mathcal N_\delta$  terminates
- $\mathcal{N}$  is bounded iff  $\mathcal{N}_{\delta}$  is bounded...

<u>Note</u>: Firability, termination, boundedness are not a priori robust/non robust properties of the whole class of FC-TPNs.

#### Theorem 4

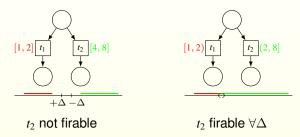
Let  $\mathcal N$  be a FC-TPN without forced 0-delay time firing sequences. Then robustness of fireability is decidable. If  $\mathcal N$  has robust fireability, bound  $\Delta$  can Be effectively computed.

#### Theorem 5

Let  $\mathcal N$  be a FC-TPN without forced 0-delay time firing sequences. Then it is decidable whether temination is a robust property of  $\mathcal N$ .

## Proof idea

If  $Prune(\mathcal{N})$  and  $Prune(\mathcal{N}_{\Delta})$  have the same clusters, then  $\Delta$ -enlargement of  $\mathcal{N}$  does not modify firable transitions.



Check for each accessible cluster C whether intervals can be enlarged by some  $\Delta_C$  without changing firable transitions

## Conclusion

#### Contributions so far:

- A FC-Multiserver PN variant with its process semantics
- Decidable firability, termination
- Decidability of robustness of firability, termination, wrt enlargement (and shrinking)

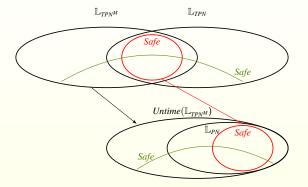
### Open questions:

- decidability of Coverabillity, reachability and boundedness for FC-TPNs?
- Robustness of more properties?
- same issues without multi-enabledness?
- Expressiveness of FC-TPNs?

 $\mathbb{L}_{\mathit{TPN}^M}$ : Timed languages expressible with Time Petri nets (Multiserver)

 $\mathbb{L}_{\mathit{TPN}}$  : Timed languages expressible with Time Petri nets

 $\mathbb{L}_{\textit{PN}}$  : Untimed languages expressible with Petri nets



(Thm. 1) In free choice nets, timed / untimed processes tightly related What about Languages?

$$\mathbb{L}_{PN} \subseteq Untime(\mathbb{L}_{TPN^M}) \quad \mathbb{L}_{PN \cap Safe} = Untime(\mathbb{L}_{TPN^M \cap Safe}) \quad \mathbb{L}_{PN} \neq Untime(\mathbb{L}_{TPN^M}??)$$

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