

Information Technology in Disaster Risk Reduction

Yuko Murayama, Dimiter Velev, Plamena Zlateva

▶ To cite this version:

Yuko Murayama, Dimiter Velev, Plamena Zlateva. Information Technology in Disaster Risk Reduction: Third IFIP TC 5 DCITDRR International Conference, ITDRR 2018, Held at the 24th IFIP World Computer Congress, WCC 2018, Poznan, Poland, September 20–21, 2018, Revised Selected Papers. Springer International Publishing, AICT-550, 2019, IFIP Advances in Information and Communication Technology, 978-3-030-32168-0. hal-02799276

HAL Id: hal-02799276 https://inria.hal.science/hal-02799276

Submitted on 8 Jun 2020

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.



IFIP Advances in Information and Communication Technology

550

Editor-in-Chief

Kai Rannenberg, Goethe University Frankfurt, Germany

Editorial Board Members

TC 1 - Foundations of Computer Science

Luís Soares Barbosa, University of Minho, Braga, Portugal

TC 2 - Software: Theory and Practice

Michael Goedicke, University of Duisburg-Essen, Germany

TC 3 - Education

Arthur Tatnall, Victoria University, Melbourne, Australia

TC 5 - Information Technology Applications

Erich J. Neuhold, University of Vienna, Austria

TC 6 - Communication Systems

Burkhard Stiller, University of Zurich, Zürich, Switzerland

TC 7 - System Modeling and Optimization

Fredi Tröltzsch, TU Berlin, Germany

TC 8 - Information Systems

Jan Pries-Heje, Roskilde University, Denmark

TC 9 – ICT and Society

David Kreps, University of Salford, Greater Manchester, UK

TC 10 – Computer Systems Technology

Ricardo Reis, Federal University of Rio Grande do Sul, Porto Alegre, Brazil

TC 11 – Security and Privacy Protection in Information Processing Systems Steven Furnell, Plymouth University, UK

TC 12 - Artificial Intelligence

Eunika Mercier-Laurent, University of Reims Champagne-Ardenne, Reims, France

TC 13 - Human-Computer Interaction

Marco Winckler, University of Nice Sophia Antipolis, France

TC 14 – Entertainment Computing

Rainer Malaka, University of Bremen, Germany

IFIP - The International Federation for Information Processing

IFIP was founded in 1960 under the auspices of UNESCO, following the first World Computer Congress held in Paris the previous year. A federation for societies working in information processing, IFIP's aim is two-fold: to support information processing in the countries of its members and to encourage technology transfer to developing nations. As its mission statement clearly states:

IFIP is the global non-profit federation of societies of ICT professionals that aims at achieving a worldwide professional and socially responsible development and application of information and communication technologies.

IFIP is a non-profit-making organization, run almost solely by 2500 volunteers. It operates through a number of technical committees and working groups, which organize events and publications. IFIP's events range from large international open conferences to working conferences and local seminars.

The flagship event is the IFIP World Computer Congress, at which both invited and contributed papers are presented. Contributed papers are rigorously refereed and the rejection rate is high.

As with the Congress, participation in the open conferences is open to all and papers may be invited or submitted. Again, submitted papers are stringently refereed.

The working conferences are structured differently. They are usually run by a working group and attendance is generally smaller and occasionally by invitation only. Their purpose is to create an atmosphere conducive to innovation and development. Refereeing is also rigorous and papers are subjected to extensive group discussion.

Publications arising from IFIP events vary. The papers presented at the IFIP World Computer Congress and at open conferences are published as conference proceedings, while the results of the working conferences are often published as collections of selected and edited papers.

IFIP distinguishes three types of institutional membership: Country Representative Members, Members at Large, and Associate Members. The type of organization that can apply for membership is a wide variety and includes national or international societies of individual computer scientists/ICT professionals, associations or federations of such societies, government institutions/government related organizations, national or international research institutes or consortia, universities, academies of sciences, companies, national or international associations or federations of companies.

More information about this series at http://www.springer.com/series/6102

Yuko Murayama · Dimiter Velev · Plamena Zlateva (Eds.)

Information Technology in Disaster Risk Reduction

Third IFIP TC 5 DCITDRR International Conference, ITDRR 2018 Held at the 24th IFIP World Computer Congress, WCC 2018 Poznan, Poland, September 20–21, 2018 Revised Selected Papers



Editors Yuko Murayama Tsuda University Tokyo, Japan

Plamena Zlateva Institute of Robotics Bulgarian Academy of Sciences Sofia, Bulgaria Dimiter Velev University of National and World Economy Sofia, Bulgaria

ISSN 1868-4238 ISSN 1868-422X (electronic)
IFIP Advances in Information and Communication Technology
ISBN 978-3-030-32168-0 ISBN 978-3-030-32169-7 (eBook)
https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-32169-7

© IFIP International Federation for Information Processing 2019

This work is subject to copyright. All rights are reserved by the Publisher, whether the whole or part of the material is concerned, specifically the rights of translation, reprinting, reuse of illustrations, recitation, broadcasting, reproduction on microfilms or in any other physical way, and transmission or information storage and retrieval, electronic adaptation, computer software, or by similar or dissimilar methodology now known or hereafter developed.

The use of general descriptive names, registered names, trademarks, service marks, etc. in this publication does not imply, even in the absence of a specific statement, that such names are exempt from the relevant protective laws and regulations and therefore free for general use.

The publisher, the authors and the editors are safe to assume that the advice and information in this book are believed to be true and accurate at the date of publication. Neither the publisher nor the authors or the editors give a warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to the material contained herein or for any errors or omissions that may have been made. The publisher remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.

This Springer imprint is published by the registered company Springer Nature Switzerland AG The registered company address is: Gewerbestrasse 11, 6330 Cham, Switzerland

Preface

The effects of disasters are very serious and it may take a very long time to recover from the destruction caused. Related damage can be severe and offering relief may lead to expenses in the billions of euros. There has been an increase in natural disasters in the past years and it is expected that their frequency will continue in the coming years.

Owing to the multidisciplinary nature of work in the field of disaster risk reduction, people from various backgrounds will be included in this field of research and activity. Their backgrounds are likely to include industry, diverse geographical and global settings, not-for-profit organizations, agriculture, marine life, welfare, risk management, safety engineering, and social networking services.

At present, at global and national levels, a wide range of scientific and applied research activity is conducted in the area of disaster risk reduction concerning individual types of disasters. Modern information and communication technologies (ICT) can facilitate significantly the decision-making processes from the point of view of disaster risk reduction.

Following the increasing number of disasters worldwide and the growing potential of both ICT and ICT expertise, at its General Assembly held during October 8–9, 2015, at the Daejeon Convention Center, Daejeon, South Korea, IFIP established the Domain Committee on Information Technology in Disaster Risk Reduction in order to:

- Promote disaster risk reduction within the ICT community
- Provide an additional opportunity for IFIP members to work with other specialized bodies such as the UN, UNISDR, ICSU, ITU and ISCRAM
- Coordinate the efforts of member societies as well as different Technical Committees and Working Groups of IFIP in the disaster-related field

The disaster support offered by the Domain Committee is based on the following major pillars:

- Information acquisition and provision
- Shelter information management for local governments
- Disaster information systems
- State-of-the-art ICT (such as the Internet of Things, mobile computing, big data, and cloud computing)

IFIP's Domain Committee on Information Technology in Disaster Risk Reduction organized the Third IFIP Conference on Information Technology in Disaster Risk Reduction (ITDRR 2018), during September 20–21, 2018, at the Poznan University of Technology, Poznan, Poland. ITDRR-2018 was co-located with the 24th IFIP World Computer Congress.

ITDRR 2018 provided an international forum for researchers and practitioners to present their latest R&D findings and innovations. The conference was focused on various ICT aspects and the challenges of disaster risk reduction. The main topics

included areas such as natural disasters, big data, cloud computing, the Internet of Things, mobile computing, emergency management, disaster information processing, disaster risk assessment and management.

ITDRR 2018 invited experts, researchers, academic, and all others who were interested to disseminate their work to attend the conference. The conference established an academic environment that fostered the dialogue and exchange of ideas among different levels of academic, research, business, and public communities.

The Program Committee received 32 paper submissions, out of which 12 research papers were finally accepted. We are particularly grateful therefore to the members of the Program Committee, and the many reviewers of papers, for their dedication in helping to produce this volume.

August 2019

Yuko Murayama Dimiter Velev Plamena Zlateva

Organization

IFIP Conference on Information Technology in Disaster Risk Reduction

General Chairs

Yuko Murayama Tsuda University, Japan

(IFIP Vice President)

Plamena Zlateva Institute of Robotics, Bulgarian Academy

of Sciences, Bulgaria

Program Committee Co-chairs

Dimiter Velev University of National and World Economy,

Bulgaria

Igor Grebennik Kharkiv National University of Radio Electronics,

Ukraine

Finance Chair

Eduard Dundler Laxenburg, Austria

(IFIP Secretary)

Publicity Chair

Jun Sasaki Iwate Prefectural University, Japan

Steering Committee

Diane Whitehouse (IFIP TC9: The Castlegate Consultancy, UK

ICT and Society Chair)

Erich Neuhold (IFIP TC5: University of Vienna, Austria

Information Technology Application Chair)

Jose G. Gonzalez University of Agder, Norway

A Min Tjoa (IFIP Honorary Vienna Technical University, Austria

Secretary)

Program Committee

Andreas Karcher
Benny Benyamin Nasution
Chrisantha Silva
Denis Trcek
Gabriela Marín-Raventós
(IFIP Councillor)
Gansen Zhao
Hans J. Scholl

Henrik Eriksson Hsin-Hung Wu

Hyenyoung Yoon
Jaziar Radianti
Jian Cao
Josune Hernantes
Julie Dugdale
Jun-Seok Ioseph Hwang
Kai Rannenberg
(IFIP Vice President)
Kaninda Musumbu
Kim Hee Dong
Kyungsoo Pyo

Leire Labaka Mariki Eloff Mariyana Nikolova Michinori Hatayama

Mihoko Sakurai
Mike Diver
Monika Buscher
Murray Turoff
Norberto Patrignani
Naoto Matsumoto
Nariyoshi Yamai

Nirit Bernstein

Orhan Altan Patrick Letouze Rajan Raj Pant

Saji Baby

Universität der Bundeswehr, Germany Politeknik Negeri Medan, Indonesia Computer Society of Sri Lanka, Sri Lanka University of Ljubljana, Slovenia University of Costa Rica, Costa Rica

South China Normal University, China University of Washington, USA Linköping University, Sweden National Changhua University of Education, Taiwan

Seoul National University, South Korea University of Agder, Norway Shanghai Jiaotong University, China University of Navarra, Spain University of Grenoble, France Seoul National University, South Korea Goethe University Frankfurt, Germany

Université Bordeaux, France Hankuk University of Foreign Studies, South Korea National Disaster Management Research Institute, South Korea

University of Navarra, Spain
University of South Africa, South Africa
NIGGG – BAS, Bulgaria
Disaster Prevention Research Institute,
Kyoto University, Japan

Kyoto University, Japan University of Agder, Norway Australian Computer Society, Australia Lancaster University, UK

New Jersey Institute of Technology, USA

Politecnico di Torino, Italy

Sakura Internet Research Center, Japan

Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology, Japan

Institute of Soil, Water and Environmental Science, Israel

Istanbul Technical University, Turkey Universidad Federal do Tocantins, Brazil Information Technology Security Emergency

Response Team, Nepal

GEO International Environmental Consultation Co., Kuwait Sergei Kavun University of Banking of the National Bank of Ukraine, Ukraine

Laboratory of Information Security, AESM,

Moldova

Shi Yizhe Shenyang University of Chemical Technology,

China

Shunsuke Fujieda University of Tokyo, Japan

Starr Roxanne Hiltz New Jersey Institute of Technology, USA

Stewart James Kowalski Norwegian University of Science and Technology,

Norway

Tadeusz Czachorski Institute of Theoretical and Applied Informatics –

PAS, Poland

Tao Bo Earthquake Administration of Beijing Municipality,

China

Tatsuya Yamazaki Niigata University, Japan Tetsuo Noda Shimane University, Japan

Tullio Tanzi Institut Mines-Telecom – Telecom ParisTech,

France

Netherlands

Victor Amadeo Bañuls Silvera

Victor de Pous (IFIP Legal

Counselor)

Sergei Ohrimenco

Wang Guoxin Earthquake Engineering Research Institute,

Dalian University of Technology, China

Wei-Sen Li National Science and Technology Center

for Disaster Reduction, Taiwan

Universidad Pablo de Olavide, Spain

Wolfgang Reinhardt Universität der Bundeswehr, Germany

Youwei Sun Earthquake Administration of Beijing Municipality,

China

Yoshitaka Shibata Iwate Prefectural University, Japan Yutaka Kikuchi Kochi University of Technology, Japan

Zong Xuejun Shenyang University of Chemical Technology,

China

Contents

Recovery Watcher: A Disaster Communication System for Situation Awareness and Its Use for Barrier-Free Information Provision Yuko Murayama, Kayoko Yamamoto, and Jun Sasaki	1
Preparing a Smart Environment to Decision-Making in Emergency Traffic Control Management	12
A Systematic Review on the Use of Groupware Technologies in Emergency Management	22
CBRN Risk Analysis Using the Analytical Tools of the WAZkA System Ryszard Antkiewicz, Zbigniew Tarapata, Dariusz Pierzchała, Jarosław Rulka, and Andrzej Najgebauer	36
Analyzing Cascading Effects in Interdependent Critical Infrastructures Ahmed Abdelgawad, Mohamed Saleh, and Jose Gonzalez	50
Strategy of Effective Decision-Making in Planning and Elimination of Consequences of Emergency Situations	66
Geological – Geomorphological Features of River Catchments in Flood Susceptibility Assessment (on the Example of Middle Struma Valley, Bulgaria)	76
Real-Time Tornado Forecasting Using SLHGN. Benny Benyamin Nasution, Rahmat Widia Sembiring, Muhammad Syahruddin, Nursiah Mustari, Abdul Rahman Dalimunthe, Nisfan Bahri, Berta br Ginting, and Zulkifli Lubis	97
Universally Designed Beacon-Assisted Indoor Navigation for Emergency Evacuations	120
Micro Failure Region Models Inducing Massive Correlated Failures on Networks Topologies	130

xii Contents

Tweeting About Floods of Messinia (Greece, September 2016) - Towards	
a Credible Methodology for Disaster Management Purposes	142
Stathis G. Arapostathis	
Organizational Features in Disaster Risk Management Systems Yury Alejandra Castillo Manyoma, Nicolas Daniel Gómez Reyes, and Luz Esperanza Bohorquez	155
Author Index	175