



# Configuration File Parser Library

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# Configuration File Parser Library

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# Introduction

The two basic methods to pass parameters to the `main()`-routine are: input files and command line arguments. For small scale programs these input methods allow to change parameters without having to recompile or having to create an input file parser. Even for large programs input files and command line arguments are a comfortable way to replace annoying graphical user interfaces. When debugging complicated code, it is essential to be able to isolate code fragments into a lonely `main()`-routine. In order to feed these isolated code fragments with realistic data, sophisticated command line and input file parsing becomes indispensable (excerpt from GetPot documentation).

## Part I Requirements

This document has been written to help in the choice of a configuration file parser library to be included in Verdandi, a scientific library for data assimilation. The main requirements are

1. Portability: Verdandi should compile on BSD systems, Linux, MacOS, Unix and Windows. Beyond the portability itself, this often ensures that most compilers will accept Verdandi. An obvious consequence is that all dependencies of Verdandi must be portable, especially the configuration file parser library.
2. The configuration file parser library should be written in C++, possibly in C, to be called from Verdandi written in C++.
3. License: any dependency must have a license compatible with Verdandi licenses (GPL and LGPL).
4. The library must provide the functionality of creating sections in the configuration file.

## Part II

# Config

Config	Distribution 1 – May 2008	Doc. updated in May 2008
<a href="http://www.codeproject.com/KB/files/config-file-parser.aspx">http://www.codeproject.com/KB/files/config-file-parser.aspx</a>		
License: LGPL (GPL compatible)		Language: C++

### *Main features*

- Configuration files may be sub-structured arbitrarily deep
- Configuration files support the expansion of symbolic values from previously defined variables and environment variables

### *Portability: platforms and compilers supported*

Only standard C++ (code is cross platform)

- MSVS Express 2005 project files are included
- Manual build successfully tested with GNU g++/Linux

### *Installation*

### *Limitations*

Sub groups less easy to create and read than with GetPot (requires an iterator on a STL map)

## Part III

# GetPot

GetPot	Distribution 1.1.18 – Jul. 2008	Doc. updated in Mar. 2007
<a href="http://getpot.sourceforge.net/">http://getpot.sourceforge.net/</a>		
License: LGPL (GPL compatible)		Language: C++, Java, Python, Ruby

### *Main features*

- Parses comand line arguments, single or multiple configuration files
- Variables can be sorted into sections and subsections
- Many features, such as unrecognized object detection (but I found a bug...) and prefixes allowing to focus on variables in a given section
- Easy to use thanks to detailed, organized and commented example files (see: <http://getpot.sourceforge.net/example.html>)
- Provides a language allowing a variety of operations on variables, numbers and strings inside a configuration file (recursive replacements, conglomerate variable names, dictionaries; concatenation and replacement in strings; power expressions, comparisons and conditions in numeric expressions (see example file: <http://getpot.sourceforge.net/expand.html>))
- The user can define and name its own variables (the parser finds them)
- GetPot can be used to emulate trivial function calls (without syntax checking)
- Several styles of comment available for configuration files
- Emacs syntax highlighting for GetPot files
- Provides a Python port
- Non-military usage only, but civil applications are allowed even in a military context

### *Portability: platforms and compilers supported*

Platform independent (istream problem with carriage return/newline on Microsoft Visual Studio should be solved)

### *Installation*

- Easy to install: contained in one single header file
- Requires STL library

### *Limitations*

- No exceptions thrown (for example, no error message when a file is not found; when numeric expressions have a wrong type, refer to non-existent variables), a default value is returned if a key is not found in the input file
- Subsection definition is not intuitive and not flexible if './' syntax is used, better to use only full subsection names

– Header and source not fully separated

## Part IV

# libcfgparse

libcfgparse	Distribution 0.6 – Dec. 2005	Doc. updated in Dec. 2005
<a href="http://freshmeat.net/projects/libcfgparse/">http://freshmeat.net/projects/libcfgparse/</a>		
License: GPL (GPL compatible)		Language: C

### *Main features*

- C, C++ and Python API
- Configuration file syntax is similar to C
- Allows to keep data structured as lists and records; by this allows to group variables together to handle them conveniently
- Built-in variable types: string, boolean, integer and floating-point
- Allows pre-definitions of types and declaration of default values
- Allows for strict type-checking
- Allows to parse data directly from memory without a file

### *Portability: platforms and compilers supported*

### *Installation*

Requires yacc and lex

### *Limitations*

- Preliminary documentation
- No maintenance, not in development
- Requires yacc and lex (so designed for Unix operating system)
- Written in C (but provides a C++ API)

## Part V

# libconfig

libconfig	Distribution 1.3.2 – Feb. 2009	Doc. updated in Feb. 2009
<a href="http://www.hyperrealm.com/libconfig/">http://www.hyperrealm.com/libconfig/</a>		
License: LGPL (LGPL and GPL compatible)		Language: C++

### *Main features*

- A fully reentrant parser: independent configurations can be parsed in concurrent threads at the same time
- Both C and C++ bindings, as well as hooks to allow for the creation of wrappers in other languages
- A low-footprint implementation (just 38K for the C library and 66K for the C++ library) that is suitable for memory-constrained systems
- Proper documentation

### *Portability: platforms and compilers supported*

- Linux, Solaris and Mac OS X
- Windows 2000/XP and later: gcc in the MinGW environment or with Visual Studio 2005

### *Installation*

### *Limitations*

Configuration file syntax similar to C++ (quite heavy with {} and ; )



## Part VI

# libConfuse

libConfuse	Distribution 2.6 – Dec. 2007	Doc. updated in 2004
<a href="http://www.nongnu.org/confuse/">http://www.nongnu.org/confuse/</a>		
License: LGPL (GPL compatible)		Language: C

### *Main features*

- Supports sections and (lists of) values (strings, integers, floats, booleans or other sections), as well as some other features (such as single/double-quoted strings, environment variable expansion, functions and nested include statements)
- No myriads of features in a simple API making it easy to use and quick to integrate with one's code

*Portability: platforms and compilers supported*

*Installation*

*Limitations*

Written in C

## Part VII

# Program\_options

Program_options	Distribution 1.38.0 – ?	Doc. updated in Nov. 2007
<a href="http://www.boost.org/doc/libs/1_38_0/doc/html/program_options.html">http://www.boost.org/doc/libs/1_38_0/doc/html/program_options.html</a>		
License: Boost Software License (GPL compatible)		Language: C++

### *Main features*

- Reads key/value pairs from command line, a configuration file and environment variables
- Good documentation and tutorial

### *Portability: platforms and compilers supported*

Any platform

### *Installation*

Program\_options is one of the Boost C++ Libraries

### *Limitations*

## Part VIII

# RudeConfig

RudeConfig	Distribution 5.0.5 – released in ?	Doc. updated in ?
<a href="http://rudeserver.com/config/">http://rudeserver.com/config/</a>		
License: GPL (GPL compatible)		Language: C++

### *Main features*

- Independent core library designed for CGI (Common Gateway Interface)
- Reads and writes configuration / .ini files
- Provides fully customizable delimiters and comment characters, ensuring compatibility with most existing configuration / .ini file formats
- Allows multiline values using backslash escapes
- Comments within the configuration file are fully preserved when the contents are re-saved
- Deleted values can become commented out when the object is re-saved, preserving old data
- LGPL license can be provided by the author if needed

### *Portability: platforms and compilers supported*

Borland, Visual C++ 6.0 and Linux

### *Installation*

### *Limitations*

## Part IX

# Talos

Talos	Distribution 1.0 – Apr. 2007	Doc. updated in Oct. 2004
<a href="http://vivienmallet.net/lib/talos/">http://vivienmallet.net/lib/talos/</a>		
License: GPL (GPL compatible)		Language: C++

### *Main features*

Provides miscellaneous functions and objects, such as

- Functions to deal with strings and files that C++ is missing
- An extended ifstream class
- Two classes to read flexible configuration files: one for a single configuration file and another for multiple configuration files

The parser functionalities are:

- Search for a word in the configuration file
- Extracts the value of a field
- Benefits from markup substitution
- Exceptions may be thrown providing a string explaining what happened
- Allows to apply a constraint on a value, or to force it to be part of a set of values
- Very clear and flexible configuration file syntax

### *Portability: platforms and compilers supported*

Manages Windows end of line character

### *Installation*

### *Limitations*

No subsection

## Part X

# Other Libraries

**A Configuration Package** : <http://alumni.media.mit.edu/~rahimi/configuration/>.  
*Limitations* — Based on Lex and Yacc, no activity since 2001.

**ccl** (Customizable Configuration Library) allows the comment, key/value and string literal delimiters to be programatically specified at runtime. Simple, portable with a small interface consisting of five functions : <http://sbooth.org/ccl/>.  
*Limitations* — Written in C.

**CFL** (Configuration File Library). Portable, requires GDSDL library: <http://home.gna.org/cfl/>.  
*Limitations* — Written in C.

**ConfigFile** C++ portable code with templates: <http://www-personal.umich.edu/~wagnerr/ConfigFile.html>.  
*Limitations* — Impossible to define sections in configuration files.

**Configuration File Parser** supports both shared as well as static binding of binaries. Provides API for both manual and automatic processing of configuration file entries : <http://sourceforge.net/projects/parser>.  
*Limitations* — Written in C.

**ConfigParser** reads and writes configuration files with a syntax similar to C/C++; after being read in a configuration file, the configuration data is available for access, modification and removal, or can also be written back to a file: <http://www.codedread.com/code.php#Config>.  
*Limitations* — Not maintained, not portable (only Windows executable without source code).

**Confix** : [http://www.flipcode.com/archives/Configuration\\_File\\_Parser.shtml](http://www.flipcode.com/archives/Configuration_File_Parser.shtml).  
*Limitations* — IBM Public license not compatible with GPL license.

**dot.conf** : <http://www.azzit.de/dotconf/>.  
*Limitations* — Written in C, no activity since 2003.

**dotconfpp** : <http://ostatic.com/dotconfpp/>.  
*Limitations* — Not portable (distribution FreeBSD for i386).

**GLib** is a general-purpose utility library, which provides many useful data types, macros, type conversions, string utilities, file utilities, a main loop abstraction, and so on. It works on many UNIX-like platforms, Windows, OS/2 and BeOS. LGPL license. Provides a key-value file parser: <http://library.gnome.org/devel/glib/unstable/glib-Key-value-file-parser.html>.  
*Limitations* — Written in C.

**iniParser** Simple, small, portable and robust ini file parsing library.: <http://ndevilla.free.fr/iniparser/>.  
*Limitations* — Written in C.

**Libconfig** supports callback functions, automatic variable assignment : <http://www.rkeene.org/oss/libconfig>.  
*Limitations* — Written in C, not tested under Windows.

**libinifile** : <http://it.bmc.uu.se/andlov/proj/libinifile/>.  
*Limitations* — Not portable (uses make to build the library under Unix).

**liblcfg** is a lightweight configuration file library. The file format supports arbitrarily nested simple assignments, lists and maps (aka dictionaries): <http://liblcfg.carnivore.it/>.  
*Limitations* — Written in C99.

**ParseCfg** : <http://www.mentaljynx.com/CCpp/libs/parsecfg/>.  
*Limitations* — Written in C, no good documentation, no activity since 2001.

**spConfig** uses configuration files with an XML-like syntax with some additional preprocessor-style commands: <http://prj.softpixel.com/spconfig/>.  
*Limitations* — Written in C, no activity since 2003.

**Templatized Configuration File Parser (TConf)** is inspired by the TCLAP project (Templatized C++ Command Line Parser Library: <http://tclap.sourceforge.net/>). TConf is a smaller configuration parser library and can be used in combination with TCLAP. Released in Aug. 2007 under GPL license: <http://tconf.sourceforge.net/>.  
*Limitations* — No sections in configuration files.

**TCFP** (Tiny Config File Parser library) is small, fast and simple: <http://sourceforge.net/projects/tcfp/>.  
*Limitations* — Pre-alpha version, written in C99.